

TRANSPORT CANADA'S VEHICLE CYBERSECURITY VIRTUAL WORKSHOP

AUTO-ISAC: THE IMPORTANCE OF COLLABORATION

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TRANSPORT CANADA'S VEHICLE CYBER SECURITY STRATEGY

Forward-looking vehicle cyber security goals and priorities with a view to strengthening road transportation cyber resilience in Canada.

- Goal 1: Incorporate vehicle cyber security considerations into policy and regulatory frameworks
- Goal 2: Promote awareness and foster a modernized, innovative approach to vehicle cyber security
- Goal 3: Address emerging and adjacent issues in the vehicle cyber security landscape
- The complex and interconnected nature of automotive cyber security requires collaboration and cooperation among a broad range of stakeholders, and TC will continue to explore opportunities to address cyber security risk in the broader ecosystem of road transportation technology...





LEGAL/REGULATORY



In 1998, PDD-63 emphasized that 90% of the nation's **critical infrastructure** is owned and operated by the private sector.

It asked each industry to create a sector-specific organization to share information about physical and cyber threats, vulnerabilities, and incidents.

Today, there are 24 ISACs that serve this role.

ISACs provide trusted information exchanges through five cornerstones:

Submission anonymity • Authenticated information sharing • Industry driven and operated Limitation on the use of information • Compliance with all U.S. legal requirements and antitrust law

Other policies enabling ISACs include:

	National Security Policy Directive (2001)		Comprehensive National Cybersecurity Initiative (CNCI) (2008)	Executive Order (EO) 13636: Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity (2014)
	Presidential Policy Directive 21: Cri Infrastructure Security and Resilience (itical (2014)	EO 13691: Promoting Private Sector Cybersecurity Information Sharing (2015)	Cybersecurity Act of 2015 (2015)
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SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN AUTOMOTIVE WORLD

DIGITAL CONNECTED VEHICLES PROVIDE OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCIES AND RISKS...





Digital Age

- ✓ Customers demanding connectivity
- ✓ Automation brings efficiencies
- Increased cyber vulnerabilities within connected vehicles
- News media, congressional oversight, regulatory demands action

Connected Vehicles Integrated across Systems-of-Systems (SoS)

- ✓ Connectivity provides greater efficiencies and risk
- ✓ Cyber threats and vulnerabilities growing
- ✓ Regulation, standards in varying stages
- ✓ And autonomy, V2V, V2I coming....



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WITH CONNECTIVITY COMES CYBER RISK



AUTO-ISAC CYBERSECURITY THE CONNECTED VEHICLE

PURPOSE

- > Maintain public trust
- Reduce risks and costs
- Timely, Actionable Intelligence
- Shared situational awareness
- > Resiliency





BENEFITS

- Access to threat intelligence & analysis
- Detailed threat monitoring
- Sector-wide / cross sector view
- Non-attribution information sharing
- One voice

CYBERSECURITY IS EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY



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AUTO-ISAC WHAT DOES AN ISAC DO?



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WHY AN AUTO-ISAC?

INFORMATION SHARING AND ANALYSIS CENTER (ISAC)



...one company's detection is another company's prevention

- Identify emerging threats and vulnerabilities earlier
- Pool limited resources to better fight your adaptive adversary
- Share incident intelligence to act more quickly
- Proactively shape industry-wide best practices
- Protect overall trust in innovation across the industry
- Build resiliency across industry

AUTO-ISAC: CENTRAL POINT OF CYBERSECURITY COORDINATION AND COMMUNICATION FOR THE GLOBAL AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY



AUTO-ISAC = LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

>Analytic Products & Assessments

- ✓ Collaboration and early detection | Crowd Sourcing
- ✓ Best in Industry (Members!)

Tabletops Exercises

- ✓ Executive C-suite Tabletop, Legal TTX
- ✓ Analyst Table-Tops | Drills

>Quarterly Workshops

- ✓ Analyst & Executive F2F Engagement
- ✓ Webinars Strategic Partnerships

>Work Groups

- ✓ Member-driven, Real-time Challenges
- ✓ Develop Best Practices | Members-Teaching-Members

Standing Committees

- ✓ Advise the Board on key projects
- ✓ Member-driven | Work products

Annual Summit | Community Calls

- ✓ Members, Partners / Vendors / Community
- Academia and leaders in cybersecurity



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AUTO-ISAC ENABLES TRUSTED SHARING AND ANALYSIS CYBER THREAT AND VULNERABILITY INFORMATION





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WHAT TO SHARE: TYPES OF INTELLIGENCE

ACCESS & DISTRIBUTION CLASSIFICATION



You can share anonymously or with attribution; access is controlled by traffic light protocol and we will distribute intelligence according to criticality

TLP i	TRAFFIC LIGHT PROTOCOL (TLP) ndicates access restrictions based on intelligence sensitivity	CRITICALITY Criticality indicates how quickly intelligence will be shared.	
TLP Color	Description	Criticality	Description
RED	Restricted to a limited, defined group (e.g. only those present at a meeting) due to high impact potential.	URGENT	Critical; recommend immediate attention from the submitter and/or Members of Auto-ISAC.
	May be shared with only Auto-ISAC Members. Information		
AMBER	requires support, but also carries risk if released.	ELEVATED	Important; recommend that Members review and determine if a response is needed in a timely manner.
GREEN	May be shared with Auto-ISAC Members and Partners as determined by Auto-ISAC.		
WHITE	May be shared freely and is subject to copyright rules. Information carries minimal or no foreseeable risk.	NORMAL	All other information. No immediate response needed from the submitter or Auto-ISAC membership recommended.
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Too detailed, could drop? Michael Shokouhi, 2022-03-09T16:43:54.829

CONNECTED VEHICLE CYBERSECURITY FRAMEWORK

STRATEGY: MANAGING RISK

- ✓ RISK = THREAT + VULNERABILITIES AND RESULTANT CONSEQUENCES
- ✓ FRAMEWORK FOCUSES ON RISK-INFORMED DECISION-MAKING
- ✓ OPERATIONAL GOAL = MITIGATE THE THREAT BY USING PREVENT, DETECT AND RESPOND TECHNIQUES





A FRAMEWORK FOR AUTOMOTIVE CYBERSECURITY

- 1. ESTABLISH COMMON CYBERSECURITY BEST PRACTICES FOR AUTOMOTIVE
- 2. ESTABLISH A CYBERSECURITY CULTURE
- **3. UNDERSTAND THE THREAT**
- 4. UNDERSTAND THE RISK
- 5. COMMUNICATE THE THREATS AND ASSURE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS
- 6. PROVIDE INCIDENT RESPONSE
- 7. STRENGTHEN THE DEFENSIVE SYSTEM
- 8. DEFINE DESIGN PRINCIPLES
- 9. DEFINE OPERATIONAL PRINCIPLES
- **10. CONDUCT NECESSARY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**
- 11. ENSURE THAT PRIVATE SECTOR, GOVERNMENT AND PARTNERS WORK TOGETHER





Building Resiliency Across Automotive Industry



INTERESTING STATS...

- Global Connected Vehicles will jump 134% from 330 million in 2018 to 774 million in 2023¹
- > By 2025, a connected car will produce 26GB of data per hour and 50GB if autnomous²
- 2021 saw an increase in sophisticated attacks that brought challenges to the entire automotive ecosystem.
- In 2021, the majority of hacks were carried out by black-hat hackers (57%), white-hats accounted for 39% and 4% others³
- The segments of the automotive industry hit was wide-spread across all segments OEMs, Tier 1s, EVs, fleet management, car sharing, car rental, car dealerships, ride sharing, etc.
- 2021 saw an increase in the use and sophistication of cyber attacks.across various attack vectors Advanced attack practices are creating a heightened awareness across the industry of how any point of connectivity is vulnerable to new threats.

2. https://www.wevolver.com/article/high-speed-data-and-connected-cars

3. Upstream2022Report



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^{1.} https://www.juniperresearch.com/whitepapers/connected-cars-how-5g-connected-commerce-blockchain-will-disrupt-the-ecosystem

MORE STATS...

- There are more lines of code in the connected vehicle than a jet fighter plane or a Boeing 787!
- Keyless entry car technology accounts for nearly 50% of all vehicle thefts
- Ransomware + supply chain = big new challenges.
- "Ransomware is the biggest security threat to most organizations today," says Splunk Distinguished Security Strategist Ryan Kovar. "Honestly, it's not if you're going to get hit with a ransomware attack — it's when."



CONNECTED VEHICLES MOST COMMON ATTACK VECTORS¹

SERVERS, VEHICLES & BETWEEN KEYLESS ENTRY / KEY FOBS ECUS MOBILE APPS INFOTAINMENT OBD PORT SENSORS WI-FI IN-VEHICLE NETWORKS

¹Reported in Upstream 2022 Cybersecurity Report





2021 Annual Report & Threat Assessment





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AUTO-ISAC 2021 THREAT ASSESSMENT 7 Key Judgements

Anticipated Threats to the Automotive Industry in 2022

- □ Ransomware Groups
- Other Cybercriminal Organizations
- □ State-Sponsored Advanced Persistent Threat Groups
- □ Technology-Enabled Vehicle Theft
- In 2021 there were numerous ransomware and other cybercrime attacks on automotive companies, suppliers, and service providers resulting in disruptions of business and industrial operations and loss of sensitive information.
- Vehicle thefts in the United States decreased significantly (-4%) in 2019 and then spiked nearly 11% in 2020 (when COVID took hold), well above the previous 5-year annual trend (+/- 1-2%). Vehicle theft is expected to remain elevated in the coming year.
- The true scope of global technology-enabled vehicle theft activity is unclear due to lack of metrics on different theft tactics.



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4 April 2022

AUTO-ISAC 2021 THREAT ASSESSMENT 7 Key Judgements

Anticipated <u>Potential</u> Threats to Connected Vehicles in 2022

- Malware-Infected Websites, Applications, and Files Accessed via Internet-Connected Devices Synced with In-Vehicle Systems
- Malicious Exploitation of Vulnerabilities in Information, Communications, and/or Operational Technology
- □ Threat Actor use of Nation-State-Quality Cyberweapons
- Barring technology-enable vehicle theft, malicious cyberattacks on connected vehicles are not occurring.
- Researchers are finding and reporting connected vehicle vulnerabilities to vehicle manufacturers.
- Proactive imagination of how new and old vulnerabilities, malware, and tools could lead to cyberattacks that threaten vehicle safety will keep the industry ahead of potential threats and the continuously evolving threat environment.



CONNECTED VEHICLE CYBERSECURITY PROTECTION

THE TRAJECTORY

- PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP ESSENTIAL
 - ✓ Cybersecurity Framework for sharing information
 - ✓ Private sector working together / sharing | Government

Resiliency - Risk, Threat, Mitigation

- ✓ Shared Situational Awareness
- ✓ One's detection is another's prevention

> WORKING TOGETHER FRAMEWORK

- ✓ Connected Vehicle Framework & Roadmap needed
- ✓ International cybersecurity strategy essential
- ✓ Coordinated policy for automotive cyber domain



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Zero safety-related cyber incidents





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OUR CONTACT INFO







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